

Charge and Velocity Studies with the CERN Test Beam October 2003

L. Arruda,
F. Barao, J. Borges, P. Goncalves, R. Pereira
LIP

Outline

- Radiators analysed
- Data selection
- Velocity reconstruction
- Charge Reconstruction
- Npe analysis
- Conclusions

Radiators studied

Manufacturer	Index	Size (l*l*h mm ³)	Label	Run Nb	Comments
Novossibirsk	1.03	100 X 100 X 31	CIN1.03G	538	Tested 2003
Novossibirsk	1.05	55 X 55 X 55	CIN1.05	607	Tested 2003

Reconstructions:

Velocity and Charge reconstructions are done during the production and stored in 2 different blocks in the ntuple: BETA2 and CHARGE2

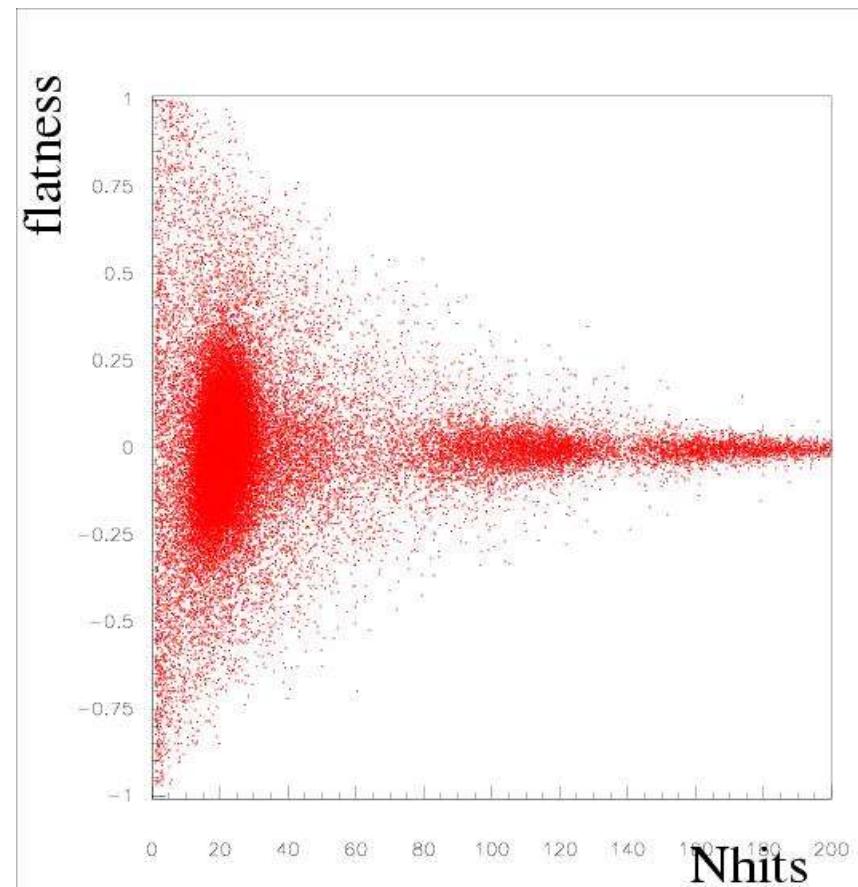
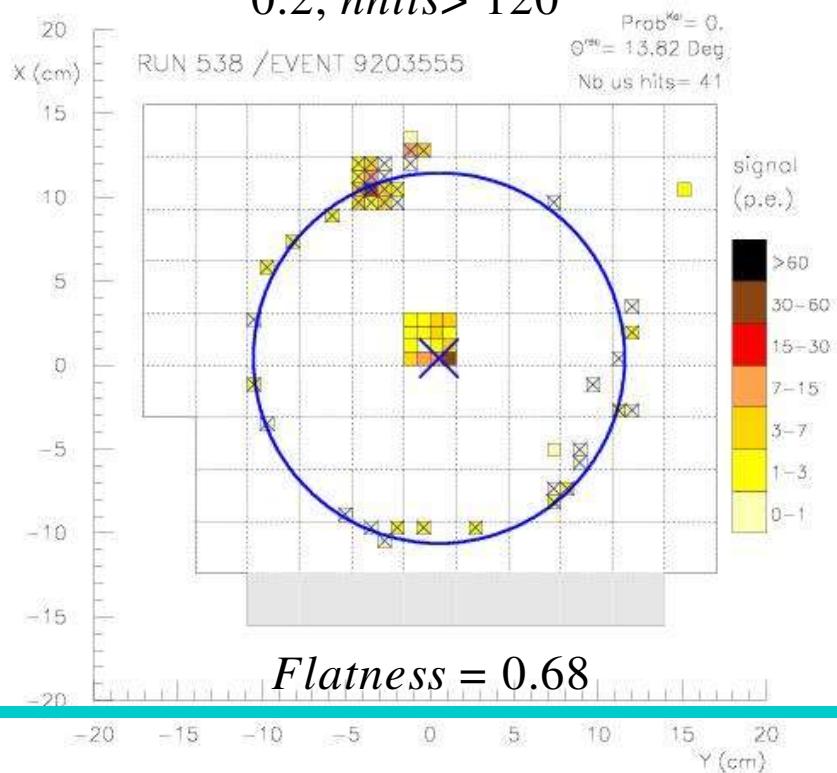
Data Selection

→ *Cerenkov ring flatness* – requirement of the hits azimuthal uniformity for particles with an incident angle = 0

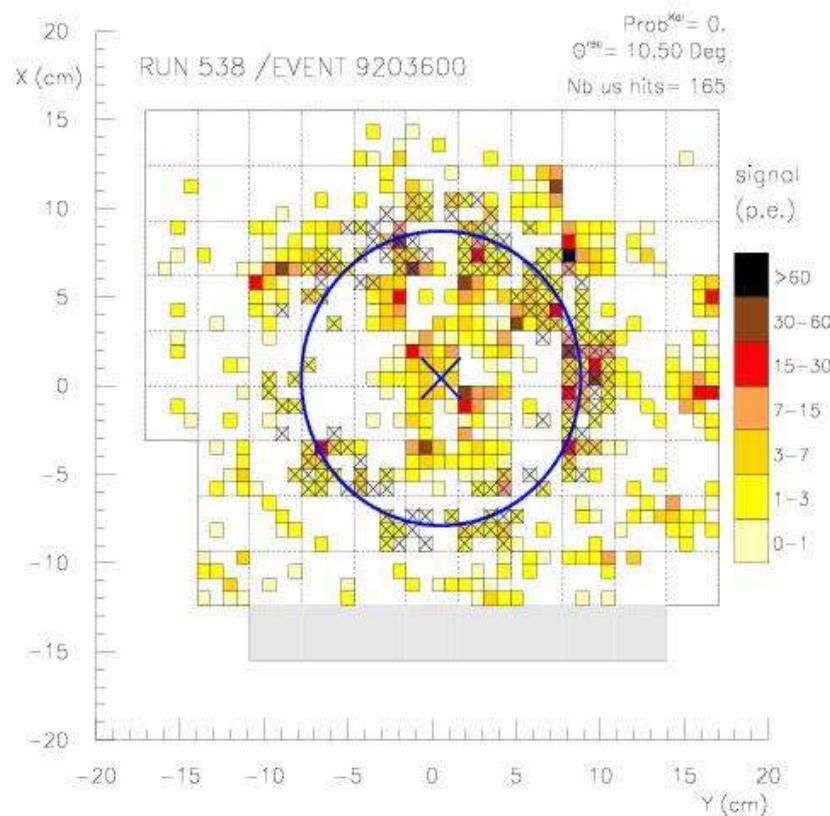
$$\sum w_i \cos(\phi) / \sum w_i; w_i = \text{signal}$$

0.7, $n_{\text{hits}} < 20$

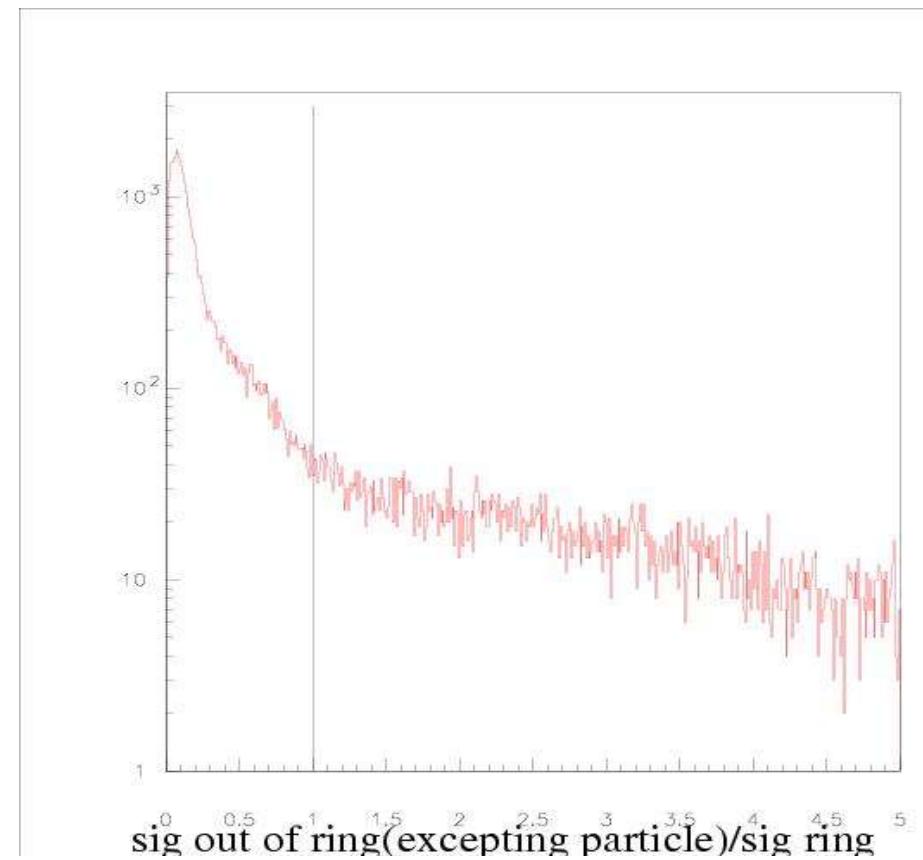
$\text{Flatness} <$ 0.4, $20 < n_{\text{hits}} < 120$
0.2, $n_{\text{hits}} > 120$



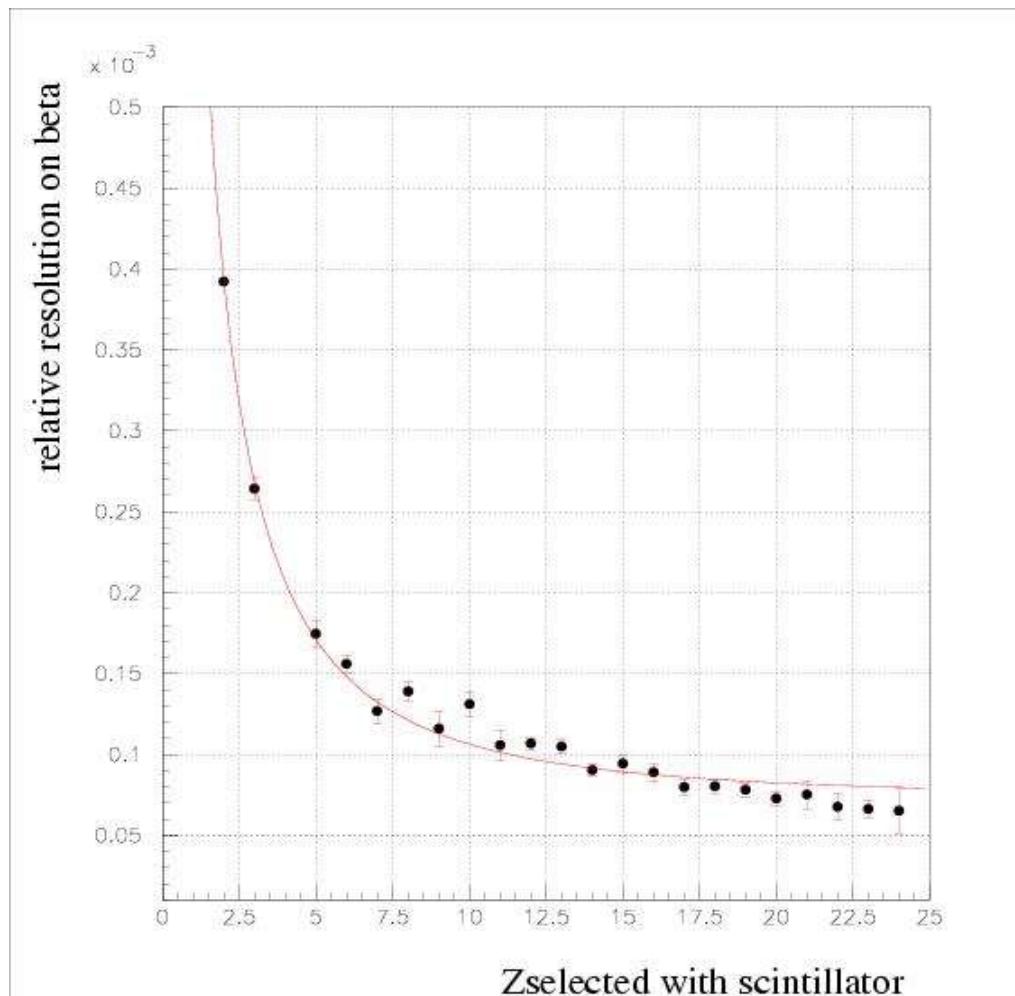
→ *Event Signal* – requirement of a small noisy/ring signal



Signal ratio ~ 1.8



Velocity reconstruction CIN1.03G (run 538)



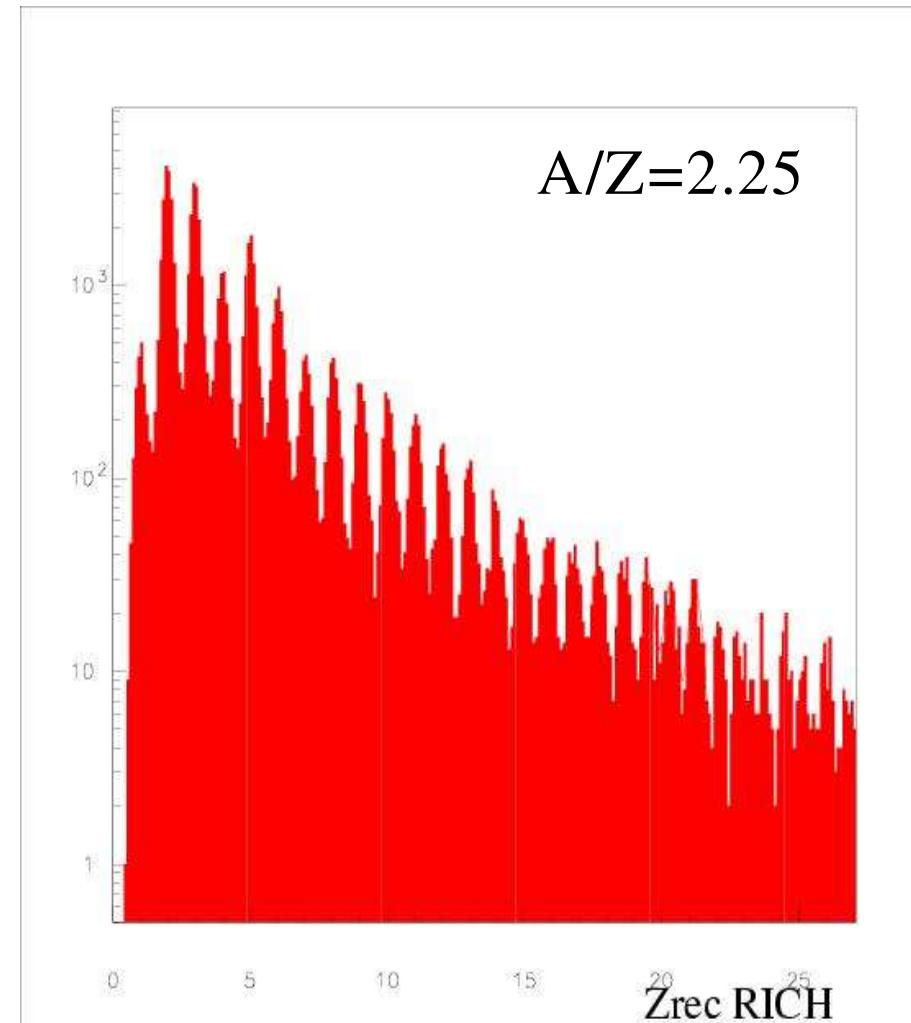
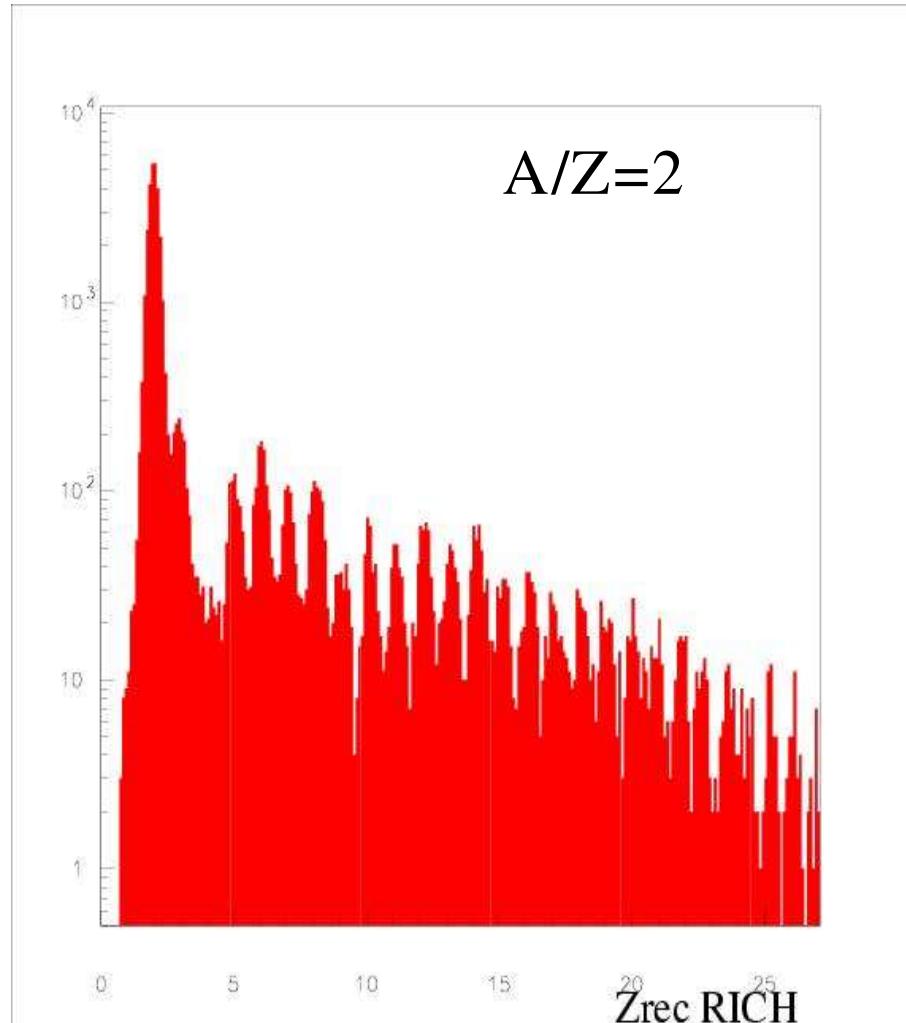
Fit function:

$$\sqrt{(a/Z)^2 + b^2}$$

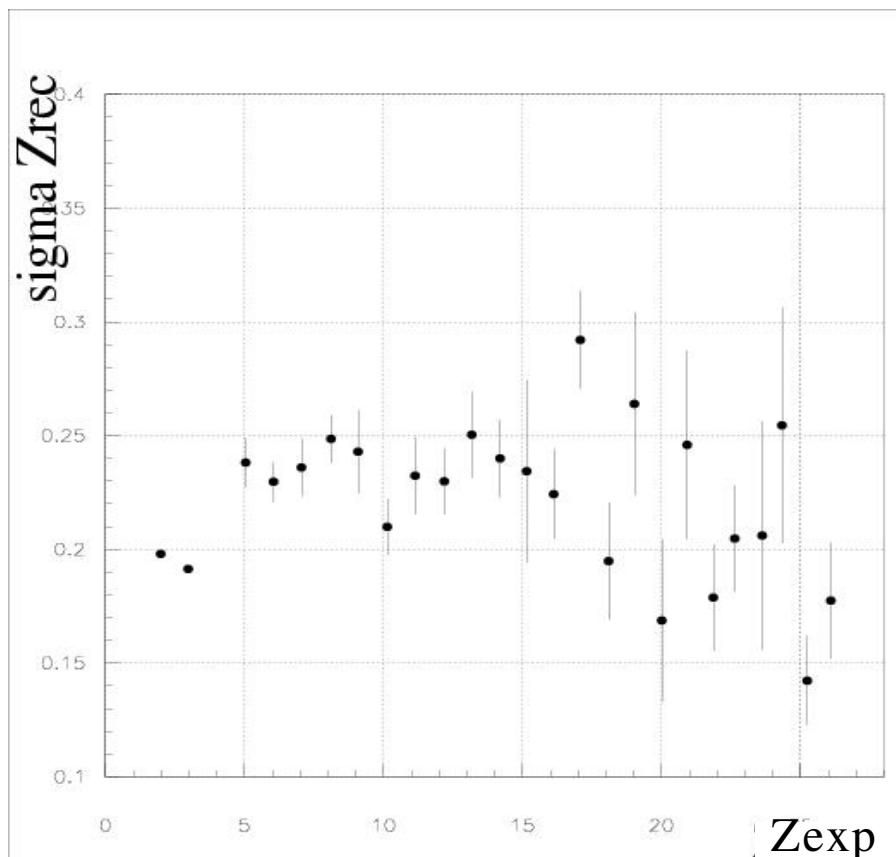
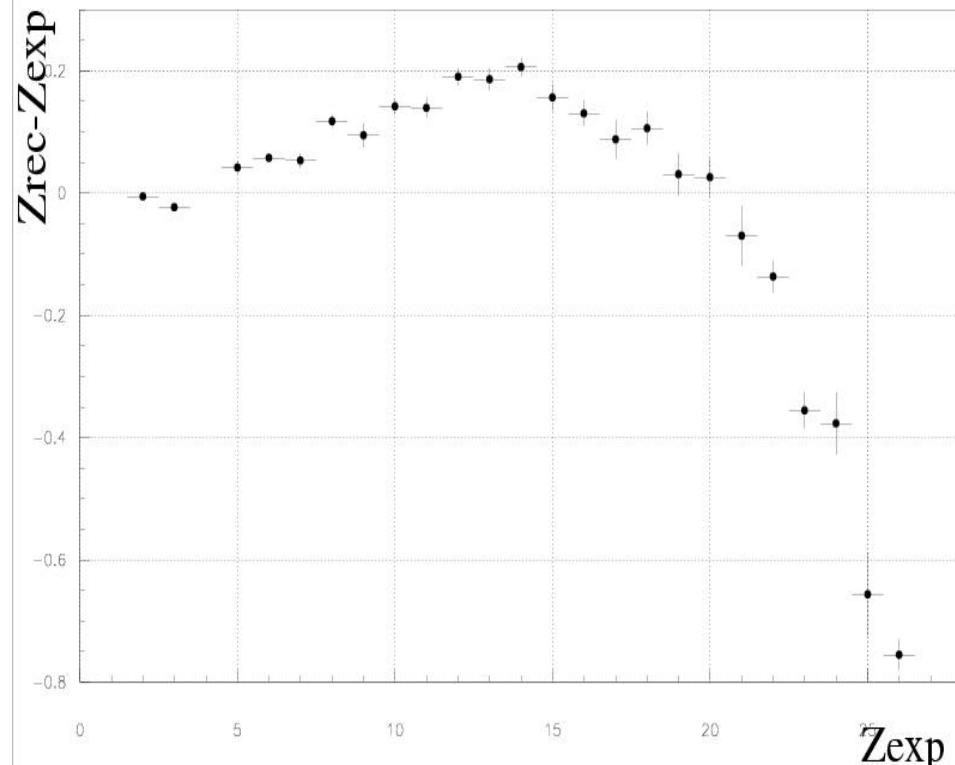
$$a = 7.74 \text{E-}4 \quad +/- \quad 5.08 \text{E-}6$$

$$b = 7.28 \text{E-}5 \quad +/- \quad 1.65 \text{E-}6$$

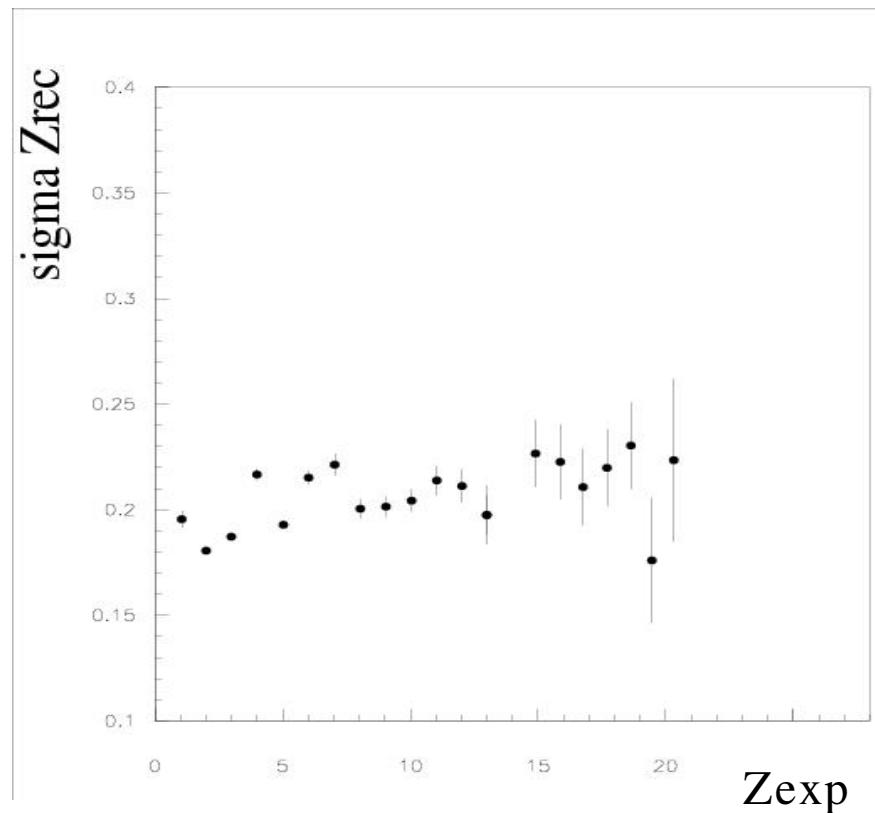
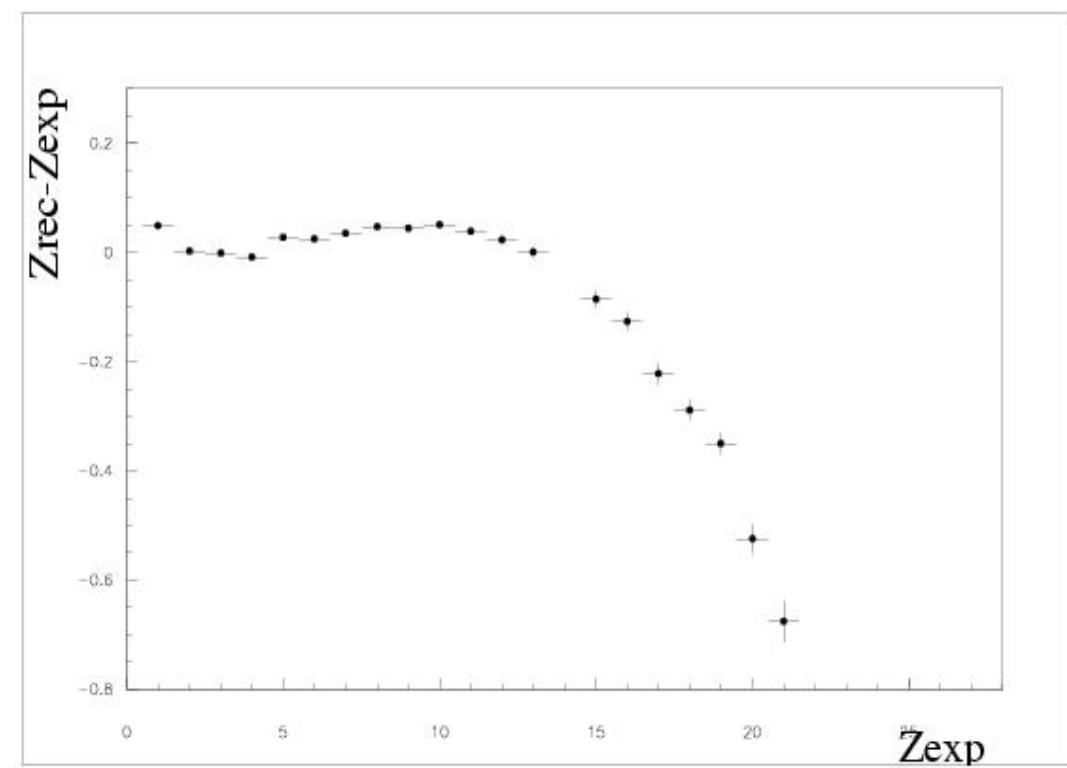
Charge reconstruction: CIN1.03G (run 538) and CIN1.05 (run 607)



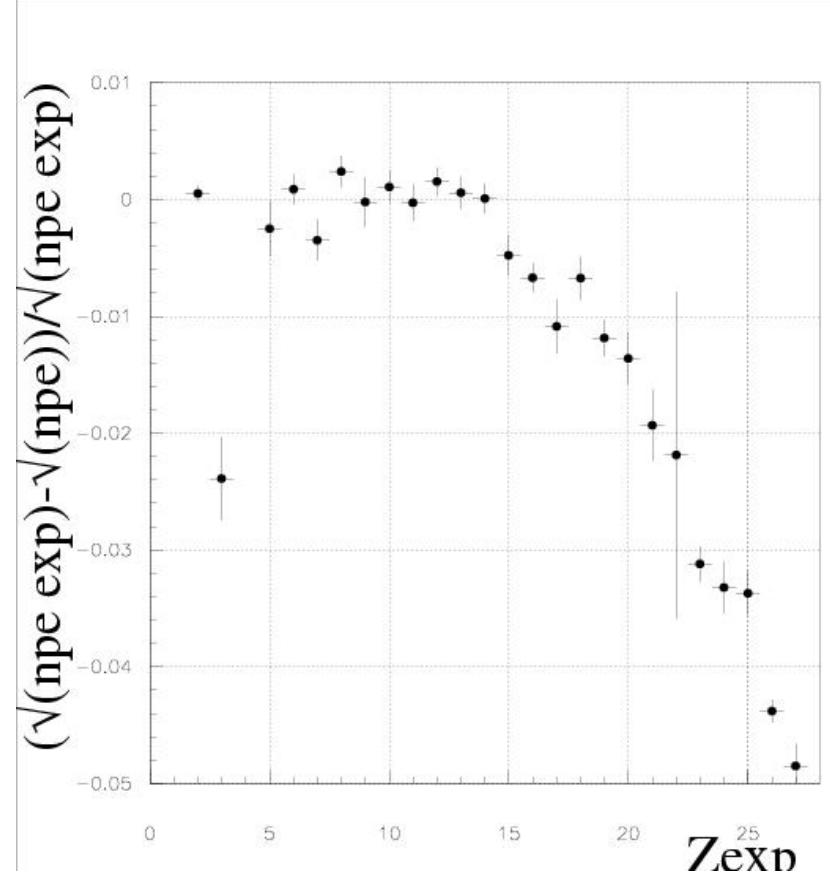
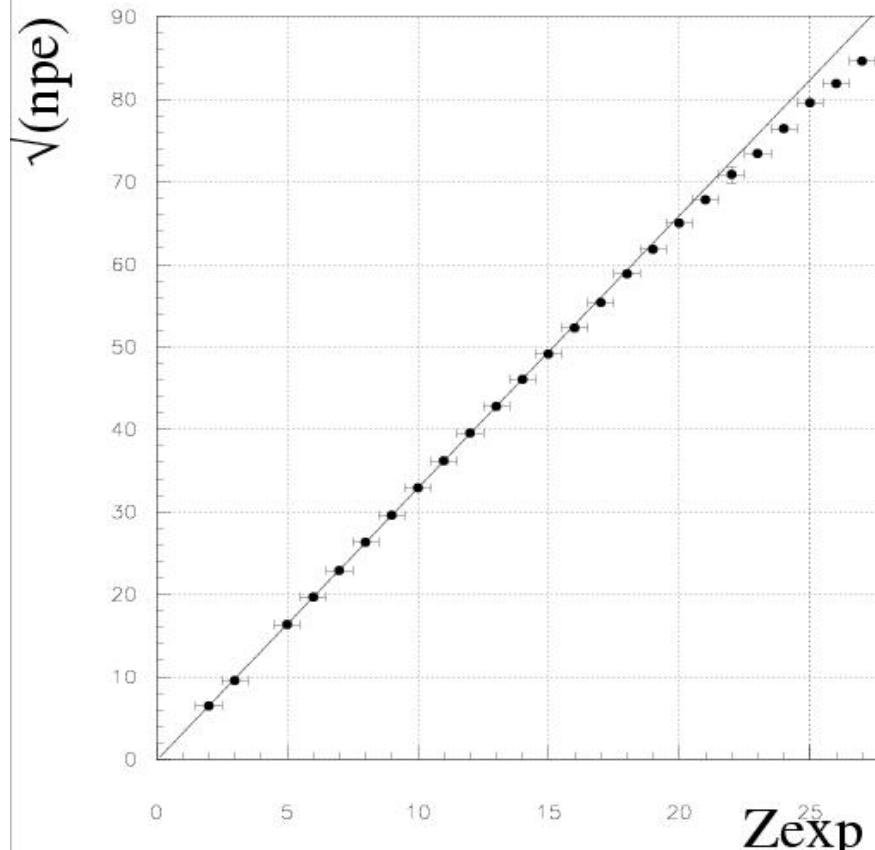
Charge error and deviation CIN1.03G (run 538)



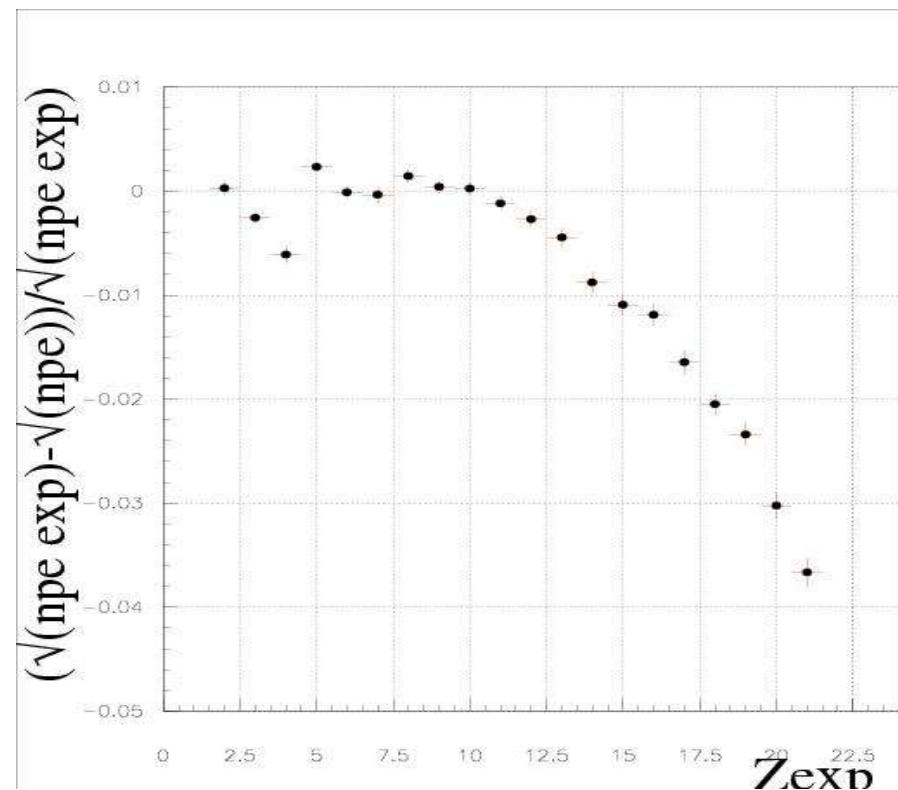
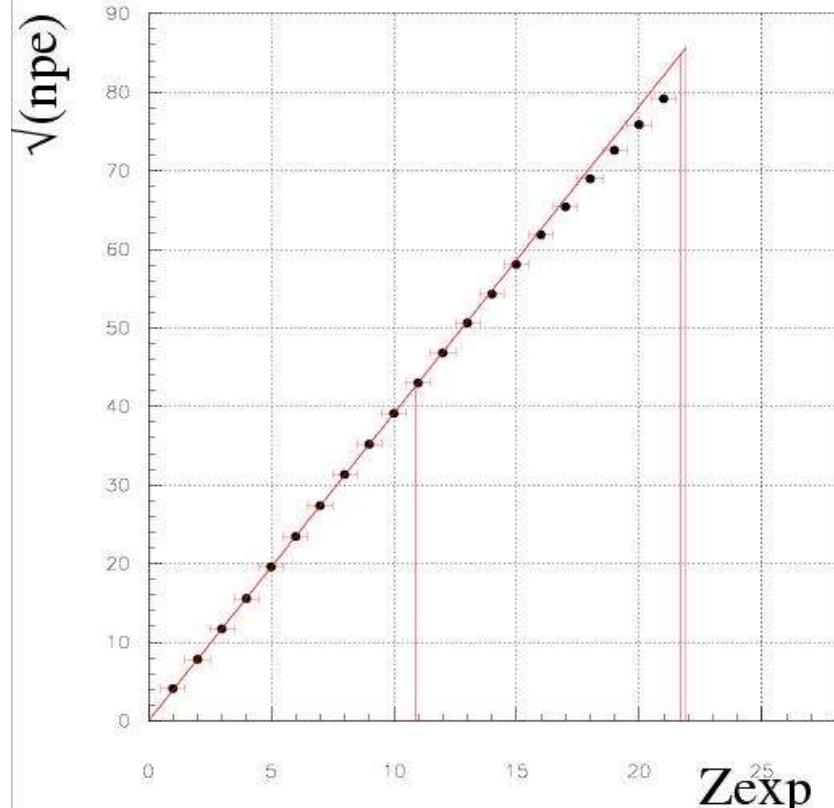
Charge error and deviation CIN1.05 (run 607)



Nb Photoelectrons analysis CIN1.03 (run 538)



Nb Photoelectrons analysis CIN1.05 (run 607)



Conclusions:

- ✓ Charge and velocity reconstruction performed for two CIN radiators (1.03/1.05)
- ✓ Saturation observed for $Z > \sim 15$