Monte Carlo software packages for Medical Physics

A brief (and incomplete) overview

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# What is a MC software package?

- More specifically, a MC package for radiation interaction tracking which typically can also be used for Medical Physics
- You now know how to sample a given distribution (either using the inverse of the cumulative function or the rejection method)
- You also know how to use that to simulate a simple physics process (e.g. Compton scattering)
- ☐ A MC package tries to make our life easier, by offering:
  - a set of algorithms to simulate multiple (and simultaneous) physics processes
     (may be limited to a given set of physics, e.g. electromagnetic, or more general)
  - □ a philosophy to set up the geometry of an experiment (materials and shapes)
  - □ an algorithm for tracking particles inside the set-up (may include support for fields)

### What we want from a MC software package

- □ Reliability of the results
- □ Versatility and completeness
- □ Computational speed
  - Ease of use (not mandatory, but nice to have)
  - **Open source code (not mandatory, but nice to have)**

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#### **Open source code**

- an open source code ensures more people can inspect the code, leading to quicker debugging, fixing problems, optimisation and benchmarking

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### A non-comprehensive list...

### □ ETRAN (NIST 1978)

- SRIM (Ziegler and Biersack 1983) (<u>www.srim.org</u> — Windows only, recent-ish versions available)
- □ EGS4 (SLAC 1970s) (www.slac.stanford.edu/egs)
  - EGSnrc (NRCC 2000) Canadian "branch" (www.irs.inms.nrc.ca/inms/irs/irs.html)
  - EGS5 (KEK-SLAC 2005) Japanese "branch" (www.kek.jp/research/egs/egs5.html)
  - Penelope (U. Barcelona 1999) (www.nea.fr/lists/penelope.html)

### A non-comprehensive list...

- □ Fluka (CERN-INFN 2005) (www.fluka.org)
- Geant3 (CERN 1986) superseded by GEANT4, but still used (www.cern.ch)
- Geant4 (CERN++ 1999)
  (geant4.web.cern.ch/geant4)
- MARS (FNAL) (www-ap.fnal.gov/MARS)
  - MCNP (LANL 1970s) (mcnpx.lanl.gov)

### EGS — Electron Gamma Shower



- For electrons, positrons and gammas (electromagnetic processes only)
- ] keV GeV range
- **Currently split in two releases:** 
  - □ EGS5 (maintained by KEK)
  - □ EGSnrc (maintained by the NRC of Canada)
- □ In particular, BEAMnrc is widely used for LINAC simulations (X-rays and high energy electrons for radiation therapy)
- Open source (NRC on <u>GitHub</u>), Fortran base but C++ interface to build new sims
- Online <u>documentation</u> (including tutorials)

### Penelope

- Penetration and <u>ENErgy LOss of</u> <u>Positrons and Electrons</u>
- **Developed in Fortran**
- □ For tracking of electrons, positrons and photons (EM processes only)
- □ <u>50 eV</u> 1 GeV (but large uncertainties below 1 keV)
- ☐ Check out <u>pyPENELOPE</u>, a Python interface to the Fortran core code
- The Penelope code is only available upon request (must be authorised)

#### **Electron shower simulation in PENELOPE**



### FLUKA

- General purpose code, includes EM and hadronic interactions
- Can also track optical photons
- □ Code base in Fortran
- User can create simple new applications without programming, using "card" files (sequences of commands following a specific format and alignment, have a look at subsection 2.2.13 <u>here</u>)
  - New release ~1 month ago (http://www.fluka.org)



FLUKA simulation of the dose distribution for a Carbon beam therapy, superimposed with a CT planning image (see full article <u>here</u>)

## MCNP

- Developed in the Los Alamos National Laboratory (where the Monte Carlo technique was invented in the 1940s)
- ☐ Another general purpose MC package, also in Fortran
- □ Applications can be developed through the use of input files with 'cards' (command sequences)
- □ It is known to be the 'standard' for <u>nuclear reactions</u> and <u>neutron transport and interactions</u>
- Used in safety codes in nuclear reactors (analyse the safety of a reactor and simulate possible accidents)
- Code maintained and controlled by LANL, <u>requests</u> must be approved and non-US citizens do not have access to the source code
  - □ distribution is governed by US laws and Department of Energy regulations



Example use of MCNP6.2 to estimate the dose distribution in the use of <sup>177</sup>Lu and <sup>131</sup>I sources, poster available <u>here</u>

### **GEANT4**

- General purpose package, includes a large variety of physics processes (EM, hadronic, optical, nuclear)
- Developed in C++, using an Object Oriented Programming paradigm
- Open source code, very active development (new releases every 6 months)
- □ Maintained by a large, world-wide collaboration
- Often multiple models available for each process (e.g. straightforward to use a Penelope physics list for EM processes)
- □ The fact that it is open source and the very large user community ensure extensive benchmarking against experimental results and correction of errors
- Initially developed for HE particle physics (LHC experiments) but has found users in other areas and now has a large community of users in medical physics
- Includes multiple tools for visualisation and analysis
- Developing new simulations requires some programming knowledge

### GATE

- Open source code targeted for Medical Physics
- Uses GEANT4 as backend, offering a user interface (macro files) for typical medical applications
- Currently supports PET and SPECT, CT,
   Optical Imaging (Bioluminescence and
   Fluorescence) and Radiotherapy
- Includes time varying geometries (e.g. breathing)



□ We will explore it in one of the next classes!

# TOPAS

- □ Another toolkit for medical physics built on top of GEANT4 available <u>here</u>
- □ Particularly targeted for radiotherapy
- □ Allows modelling of the patient geometry from CT scans
- □ Also 4D, to include patient and source movement
- No programming knowledge required, set-up is done via macro files
- □ User registration required, free for educational and nonprofit research purposes
  - □ New users must attend a mandatory introductory course



